

Version: 1.2

Revision Date: 6/9/2020

This material is to be used for research purposes only under the supervision of a technically qualified individual. The toxicological properties may have not been completely characterized. Please determine your responsibilities under your local regulations.

1. Identification of the Substance or Mixture and of the Supplier

Identification

Product Name: Winter

Additional identification

Chemical name: Not applicable for mixtures.

Recommended use and restriction on use

Recommended use: Not Determined

Restrictions on use:

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Name: Opti-Lube Inc

Address: 1646 W Business Park Drive, Suite B

Orem, UT 84058

USA

Telephone: 801-491-3717

Emergency telephone number:

FOR TRANSPORT EMERGENCY CALL (+1) 801-850-8553, OR WITHIN THE USA 801-491-3717

2. Hazard(s) Identification

Hazard Classification

Physical Hazards

Flammable liquids Category 3

Health Hazards

Acute toxicity (Oral)

Acute toxicity (Inhalation)

Category 4

Acute toxicity (Dermal)

Catefory 4

Skin corrosion/Irritation

Category 2

Serious eye damage/Eye irritation

Category 2A

Carcinogenicity

Category 1B

Target Organ Systemic Toxicity— Category 3 - narcotic effects, respiratory irritation

Single Exposure

Target Organ Systemic Toxicity— Category 2

Repeat Exposure

Aspiration toxicity Category 1
Aquatic toxicity (Acute) Category 2



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Aquatic toxicity (Chronic)

Category 2

Label Elements Hazard Symbol:



Signal Word:	Danger					
Hazard Statement:	H226	Flammable liquid and vapor.				
	H302	Harmful if swallowed.				
	H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.				
	H312	Harmful in conatct with skin.				
	H315	Causes skin irritation.				
	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.				
	H332	Harmful if inhaled.				
	H335	May cause respiratory irritation.				
	H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.				
	H350	May cause cancer.				
	H373	May casue damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.				
	H401	Toxic to aquatic life.				
	H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.				
Precautionary Statemen	t:					
Prevention:	P201	Obtain special instructions before use.				
	P202	Do not handle until all safety precaustions have been read an understood				
	P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces - No s				
	P233	Keep container tightly closed.				
	P240	Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.				
	P241	Use explosion-proof elctrical/ventilating/light/ and other equipment of the explosion of the equipment of the explosion of th				
	P242	Use only non-sparking tools.				
	P243	Take precautionary measures against static discharge.				
	P260	Do not breath dust/fumes/gas/mist/vapors/spray.				
	P264	Was thouroughly after handling.				
	P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.				
	P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.				
	P273	Avoid release to the environment.				
	P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.				
	P362	Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.				



Response:

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P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P301+310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POINSON CENTER or

doctor/physicisan.

P303+361+353 IF ON SKIN(or hair): Remove/take off immediately all containinated

clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304+340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a

position comfortable for breathing.

P305+351+338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do- continue rinsing.

P308+313 If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P312 Call a POISON or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P314 Get Medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P330 Rinse mouth.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P332+313 If skin irriation occurs, get medical advice/attention.
P337+313 If eye irritation persists, get emdical advice/attention.

P391 Collect spillage.

Storage and Disposal: P403+235 Store in a well ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/containers to in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulation (to be specified).

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

CAS Number	EC Number	Index Number	Chemical Name	Concentration
64742-95-6	265-199-0	649-356-00-4	Solvent Naptha, Light Aromatic	20-35%
27247-96-7	248-363-6	NA	2 - Ethylhexyl Nitrate	15-30%
95-63-3	202-436-9	601-043-00-3	1,2,4 - trimethylbenzene	10-25%
Trade Secret	NA	NA	Proprietary blend of hydrocarbons	5-20%
108-67-8	203-604-4	601-025-00-5	1,3,5 - trimethylbenzene	1-15%
64742-94-5	265-198-5	649-424-00-3	Solvent Naptha, Heavy Aromatic	1-15%
104-76-7	203-234-3	NA	2 - Ethylhexanol	1-5%
526-73-8	208-394-8	NA	1,2,3 - Trimethylbenzene	1-5%
60-33-3	200-470-9	NA	Linoleic Acid	<1.0%
98-82-8	202-704-5	601-024-00-X	Cumene	<0.5%
1330-20-7	215-535-7	601-022-00-9	Xylene	<0.3%
112-80-1	204-007-1	NA	Oleic Acid (TOFA)	<0.2%
64742-81-0	265-184-9	649-423-00-8	Kerosine, Hydrodesulfurized	<0.2%
24937-78-8	429-840-1	NA	Vinyl Acetate Monomer <(
91-20-3	202-049-5	601-052-00-2	Naphthalene <0.	
100-41-4	202-849-4	601-023-00-4	Ethylbenzene <0.05%	

⁺⁺ The listed components are subcomponents of the hazardous ingredients listed above.



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4. First-aid Measures

Ingestion: If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting, but have the victim rinse mouth with water, and

then drink 2 - 4 cups of water. Get immediate medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head

below hips to prevent aspiration.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration and contact a physician

immediately. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen and contact a physician

immediately.

Eye Contact: Immediately flush with plenty of water, alternately lifting the upper and lower eyelids.

If appropriate, after 5 minutes, remove contact lenses and continue flushing the eyes

for an additional 15 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

Skin Contact: Wash skin with plenty of soap and water while removing contaminated clothing and

shoes. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists. Wash clothing separately

before reuse.

Note to Physician:

Activated charcoal mixture may be administered. To prepare activated charcoal mixture, suspend 50 grams activated charcoal in 400 mls of water and mix thoroughly. Administer 5 ml/kg or 350 ml for an average adult. Because of the danger of aspiration, emesis or gastric lavage should not be employed unless the risk justified by the presence of additional toxic substances. Activated charcoal may induce vomiting, but may be given after emesis or lavage to absorb toxic additives. Steroid therapy in mild to moderate cases does not improve outcome. Bacterial pneumonia often occurs after exposure, but prophylactic antibiotics are not indicated and should be reserved for documented bacterial pneumonia. Light hydrocarbons have been associated with cardiac sensitization in abuse situations. Hypoxia or the injection of adrenaline-like

substances enhanced these effects.

5. Fire-fighting Measures

Fire Fighting Instructions:

Flash Point: 50.6°C (123°F)

Explosive limits: When heated above 100 C, may undergo a self-accelerating, exothermic reaction

which causes a rapid rise in temperature and pressure. Rupture of storage vessels and fire should be anticipated in case of such temperatures. Spray storage vessels

with water to maintain temperature below 100 C.

Autoignition Point: Not determined

Suitable extinguishing media: Dry chemical, water spray (fog), carbon dioxide, foam.

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand

MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

Flammable Properties And Hazards: Flammable Liquid. Vapors will burn releasing toxic vapors, fumes and smoke,

including carbon monoxide and organic vapors. Containers exposed to intense heat from fires should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure buildup which could

result in container rupture or explosion.



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6. Accidental Release Measures

Protective precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Ventilate area of leak or spill. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment as specified in Section 8. Isolate hazard area. Eliminate all ignition sources. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering.

Environmental Precautions: Steps To Be Taken In Case Material Is Released Or Spilled: **Initial Containment**: Eliminate all sources of ignition - heat, sparks, flame, electricity, and impact. Contain spilled material with dikes or absorbents. Marine Pollutant. Do not allow material to enter soil, surface water, or sewer system.

Large Spills Procedure: Stop the source of the leak, if it is safe to do so. Contain spilled material. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a disposal container. Absorb residue with inert material (e.g. dry sand or earth,) then place in a chemical waste container. Do not flush to sewer. Use explosion-proof equipment during clean-

Small Spills Procedure: Absorb spills with inert material. Transfer to a chemical waste container and dispose of properly. Spills are extremely slippery and should be cleaned up immediately. Miscellaneous: Treat or dispose of in accordance with all federal, state, and local requirements.

7. Handling and Storage

Precautions for safe handling: Ground and bond containers when transferring material. Avoid contact with eyes.

Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Keep away from food and drinking water. Secure container after each use. Store in a cool dry, secure area. Keep out of reach of children. Ground containers when transferring material. Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents. Empty drums should be completely drained, properly bunged,

and promptly returned to a drum reconditioner, or properly disposed of.

Precautions to be taken in

Storing:

Store in a tightly closed container. Store in a cool dry place. Eliminate all sources of

ignition - heat, sparks, flame, electricity, impact and friction. Contact with hot

surfaces may ignite the product.

Other Precautions: DO NOT PRESSURIZE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR

EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC

ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION; THEY MAY EXPLODE AND

CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

8. Exposure Controls/personal Protection

Exposure Guidelines:

Solvent Naptha, Light Aromatic	OSHA PEL 100 ppm, 400 mg/m2; TWA value 100 ppm, 400 mg/m3
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ACGIH TWA: 25 ppm
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene (mesitylene)	ACGIH TWA: 25 ppm, OSHA PEL: 25 ppm
Solvent Naphtha, Heavy Aromatic	OSHA PEL 100 ppm, 400 mg/m2; TWA value 100 ppm, 400 mg/m3
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	ACGIH TWA: 25 ppm, OSHA PEL: 25 ppm
Cumene	OSHA PEL: 50 ppm 245 mg/m^3, ACGIH TLV 50ppm, TWA: 246 mg/m^3
Xylene	OSHA TWA: 100 ppm / ACGIH TWA: 100 ppm / OSHA STEL: 150 ppm / ACGIH STEL: 150 ppm
Oleic acid (TOFA)	OSHA TWA: 5 mg/m3 (oil mist) / ACGIH TWA: 5 mg/m3 (oil mist); ACGIH TWA: 3 mg/m3 (respirable; 10 mg/m3 (inhalable)



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Kerosine, hydrodesulfurized	TLV 200 mg/m3, 8 hr time-weighted average
Vinyl Acetate monomer	ACGIH TWA: 10 ppm; STEL value 15 ppm; OSHA TWA: 15 mg/m3 (total dust); 5 mg/m3 (respirable)
Naphthalene	OSHA PEL: 10 ppm, 50 mg/m3, OSHA TWA: 10 ppm, 50 mg/m3, ACGIH TWA: 10 ppm, 52 mg/m3, OSHA STEL: 15 ppm, 75 mg/m3, ACGIH STEL: 15 ppm, 79 mg/m3 (on California Proposition 65 list)
Ethylbenzene	(on California Proposition 65 list)

Respiratory Equipment

(Specific Type):

Under normal use conditions, with adequate ventilation, no special handling

equipment is required. If anticipating close contact with this product or its mist, local

ventilation may be required to keep exposure below limits.

Eye Protection: Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles) and a face shield.

Skin Protection: Wear protective gloves to minimize skin contamination. When prolonged or frequently

repeated contact could occur, use protective clothing impervious to this material.

Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Engineering Controls:

(Ventilation etc):

Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary to control any air contaminants to within

their TLVs during the use of this product.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Form: liquid

Appearance Color: Clear, Amber (1.5)

Oder: Aromatic hydrocarbon

Oder threshold:

Melting Point:

Not determind

Flash point:

50.6 °C (123 °F)

Upper/lower limit on flammability or explosive lir Not determind

Flammability limit – upper (%): Not determind
Flammability limit – lower (%): Not determind
Explosive limit – upper (%): Not determind
Explosive limit – lower (%): Not determind
Specific Gravity (Water = 1): 0.897 at 60 °F
Vapor pressure (air=1): Not determind
Vapor density: Not determind

7.48 lbs/gal

Solubility(ies)

Solubility in water: Nil

Relative density:

Solubility (other): Not determind Percent Volatile: Not determind



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Partition coefficient (n-octanol

/water):

No data available

Decomposition temperature:

No data available

10. Stability and reactivity

Stablility Stable under ordinary conditions of use and storage.

Incompatible Materials: Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents, such as nitric and sulfuric acids, halogens,

hydrogen peroxide and chlorinating agents. May burn or react violently with fluorine /

oxygen mixtures with 50-100% fluorine. Decomposes with heat.

Hazardous Decomposition or

Byproducts:

In the case of fire, a complex mixture of airborne solids, liquids and gases, including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke and other organic compounds will be

evolved when this material undergoes combustion or thermal or oxidative degradation.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid: Sources of ignition and temperatures above 50 $^{\circ}$ C (122 $^{\circ}$ F) – 60 $^{\circ}$ C (140 $^{\circ}$ F).

11. Toxicological Information

Ethylbenzene	LD50 Rat oral 5.46 g/kg; LD50 Rat oral 3500 mg/kg; LD50 Mouse ip 2272 mg/kg; LD50 Rabbit skin 17,800 mg/kg			
2-Ethylhexanol	LC50 Guinea pig inhalation > 227 ppm/6 hr; LD50 Guinea pig dermal > 8300 mg/kg; LD50 Rabbit dermal 1986 mg/kg; LC50 Mouse > 227 ppm/6 hr; LD50 Mouse ip 780 mg/kg			
Solvent Naphtha, Heavy Aromatic	LD50 Rabbit skin >2mL/kg; LC50 Rat inhalation > 590 mg/m^3 4 hr; LDLo Rat oral 5 mL/kg			
Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic	.D50 Rat oral 8400mg/kg; LD50 Quail oral > 2150mg/kg; no deaths reported at 4 ml/kg Rat). Slightly irritating (skin, rabbit, 4 hours). Slightly irritating (eye, rabbit). No deaths at 710 ppm (v) (Rat) 4 Hour (inhalation).			
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	LD50 Rabbit dermal >3160 mg/kg; LC50 Rat inhalation >2000 ppm/48 hr; LD50 Rat (male, Wistar) oral 6.0 g/kg /98% Pseudocumene/; LD50 Rat (male) oral 3550 mg/kg (3040-4130 mg/kg, 95% confidence limits); LD50 Rat (female, Charles River CD) oral 3280 mg/kg (2720-3960 mg/kg, 95% confidence limits)			
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	LD100 Rat ip 1.5-2.0 g/kg (minimum fatal dose)			
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	LDLo rat oral 10mL/kg			
Xylene	LC50 Mouse inhalation 3900 ppm for 6 hr exposure; LD50 Rat (female) ip 3.8 mg/kg			
Cumene	LC50 Mouse inhalation 2,000 ppm/7 hr; LD50 Rat oral 2.91 g/kg; LC50 Rat inhalation 8000 ppm/4 hr; LD50 Rat oral 1400 mg/kg; LC50 Mouse inhalation 24,700 mg/cu m/2 hr; LD50 Rat dermal 10.6 g/kg			



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Naphthalene	LD50 Sprague Dawley rat oral 2.6 g/kg LD50 New Zealand White rabbit dermal >2.0 g/kg LD50 Male CD-1 mouse gavage 533 mg/kg LD50 Female CD-1 mouse gavage 710 mg/kg LD50 Mouse ip 150 mg/kg LD50 Mouse subcutaneous 969 mg/kg LD50 Mouse iv 100 mg/kg LD50 Mouse oral 533 mg/kg LD50 Guinea pig oral 1200 mg/kg LD50 Rat oral 490 mg/kg LD50 Rat dermal >20 g/kg LD50 Male Sherman rat oral 2200 mg/kg LD50 Female Sherman rat oral 2400 mg/kg
2-Ethylhexyl Nitrate	LD50 Oral - Rat - 960 mg/kg
Linoleic acid	
Oleic acid	LD50 Rat oral 74 g/kg; LD50 Rat iv 2.4 mg/kg; LD50 Mouse iv 230 mg/kg; LD50 Guinea pig dermal >3000 mg/kg
Palmitic acid	LD50 Rat >10000 mg/kg
Vinyl Acetate Monomer	Skin absorption LD50 is 2,335 mg/kg in rabbits. Severe eye irritant (rabbit). Oral LD 50 for Vinyl Acetate Monomer is 2,920 mg/kg in rats. LC50 is 4,000 ppm in rats (4 hr inhalation).

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: No data available

Carcinogenicity: Cancer Lists: NTP Carcinogen

Known: No Anticipated: No

IARC Category: None

Target Organs: Heart, Auditory System

STOT- Singel Exposure: No Data Available

STOT- Repeated Exposure: No Data Available

12. Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity

Toxic to aquatic organisms. May cause long term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

General Ecological Information:

Environmental:

- Based on a recommended classification scheme, an estimated Koc value of 67, determined from an experimental log Kow and a recommended regression-derived equation, indicates that ethylene glycol mono-n-butyl ether is expected to have high mobility in soil.
- An estimated BCF value of 2.5 was calculated for ethylene glycol mono-n-butyl ether, using an experimental log Kow of 0.83 and a recommended regression-derived equation. According to a recommended classification scheme, this BCF value suggests that bioconcentration in aquatic organisms is low.



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- An estimated BCF value of 2.5, from an experimental log Kow, suggests that ethylene glycol mono-n-butyl ether bioconcentration in aquatic organisms will be low, according to a recommended classification scheme. Bioconcentration in aquatic organisms is moderate to high based on BCF values of 31-275, measured in carp.

- 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene is expected to photodegrade in natural waters. If released to the atmosphere, 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene will exist solely in the vapor phase in the ambient atmosphere. Vapor-phase 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene is degraded in the atmosphere by reaction with photochemically-produced hydroxyl radicals and nitrate radicals with half-lives of about 12 hours and 6-30 days, respectively.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal Methods:

Do not dispose of into waste water treatment facilities. Treat or dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, state/provincial, and national requirements. This material, if discarded, is considered a hazardous waste under RCRA Regulation 40 CFR 261.

14. Transport Information

UN Number: UN1993

UN Proper Shipping Name: Flammable liquid, n.o.s. (Contains Petroleum Naphtha, 2-Ethylhexyl Nitrate)

Packing Group:

Land Transport ADR/RID and GGVS/GGVE

(Cross Border / Domestic)

Transport Hazard Class(es): 3*

Maritime Transport IMDG/GGVSea

Transport Hazard Class(es): 3

Marine Pollutant: Yes**

Air Transport ICAO-TI and IATA-DGR

Transport Hazard Class(es): 3

15. Regulatory Information

EPCRA 311/312 Categories: 1. Immediate (Acute) Health Effects: YES

2. Delayed (Chronic) Health Effects: YES

3. Fire Hazard: YES

4. Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard: NO

5. Reactivity Hazard: NO

^{*} This material is not regulated for US DOT transportation in quantities less than 119 gallons per 49 CFR 173:120 (b)(1). Does not apply to transportation by vessel, aircraft or package shipping services.

^{**} This material is a marine pollutant when shipped in quantities greater than 119 gallons.



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Components	CAS Number	State Right to Know				
		NJ	PA	MA*	MN	RI
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Yes	Yes		Yes	Yes
2-Ethylhexanol	104-76-7	No	Yes		No	No
Solvent Naphtha, Heavy Aromatic	64742-94-5	No	No		No	No
Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic	64742-95-6	No	No		No	No
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	Yes	Yes		No	No
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	108-67-8	No	No		No	No
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	526-73-8	No	No		No	No
Xylene	1330-20-7	YEs	Yes		Yes	Yes
Cumene	98-82-8	YEs	YEs		Yes	Yes
Naphthalene	91-20-3	Yes	Yes		Yes	Yes
2-Ethylhexyl Nitrate	27247-96-7	No	No		No	No
Linoleic acid	60-33-3	No	No		No	No
Oleic acid	112-80-1	No	Yes		No	Yes
Vinyl Acetate monomer	24937-78-8	No	No		No	No

^{*}Massachusetts: All known ingredients of this product which could be on the Massachusetts Right-To-Know list are fully disclosed in the "chemical ingredients" section of this SDS.

CA Prop. 65: This product contains a chemical(s) known to the state of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Components	CAS Number	Canadian Disclosure List	Clean Air Act - Section 112 SC Toxic Air Pollutants List	Title V	
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Yes	No	Yes	
2-Ethylhexanol	104-76-7	Yes			
Solvent Naphtha, Heavy Aromatic	64742-94-5				
Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic	64742-95-6				
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	Yes		Yes	
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	108-67-8	Yes			
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	526-73-8	Yes			
Xylene	1330-20-7		Yes	Yes	
Cumene	98-82-8	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Naphthalene	91-20-3	Yes	Yes	Yes	
2-Ethylhexyl Nitrate	27247-96-7		No	No	
Linoleic acid	60-33-3				
Oleic acid	112-80-1				
Vinyl Acetate monomer	24937-78-8		Yes	Yes	



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Components	CAS Number	Section 302 (EHS) TPQ	Section 304 EHS RQ Ibs	CERCLA RQ lbs	Section 313	RCRA CODE	CAA 112(r) TQ
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4			1,000			
2-Ethylhexanol	104-76-7						
Solvent Naphtha, Heavy Aromatic	64742-94-5						
Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic	64742-95-6						
1,2,4- Trimethylbenze ne	95-63-6				313		
1,3,5- Trimethylbenze ne	108-67-8						
1,2,3- Trimethylbenze ne	526-73-8						
Xylene	1330-20-7			100	313	U239	
Cumene	98-82-8			5,000	313	U055	
Naphthalene	91-20-3			100	313	U165	
2-Ethylhexyl Nitrate	27247-96-7						
Linoleic acid	60-33-3						
Oleic acid	112-80-1						
Vinyl Acetate monomer	24937-78-8	1,000	5,000	5,000	х		15,000

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

HMIS Hazard ID

Health	2
Flammability	2
Physical Hazards	0

Hazard rating: 0 - Minimal; 1 - Slight; 2 - Moderate; 3 - Serious; 4 - Severe; RNP - Rating Not Possible;

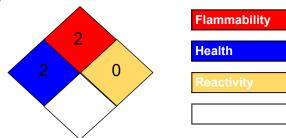
^{*}Chronic health effect



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NFPA Hazard ID



Hazard rating: 0 - Minimal; 1 - Slight; 2 - Moderate; 3 - Serious; 4 - Severe; RNP - Rating Not Possible;

Issue Date: 6/9/20 **Version #:** 1.2

Source of Information: Internal Company data and other publically available resources.

Further Information: Contact Supplier (see Section 1)

Disclaimer: The information on this SDS is based on data which is considered to be accurate.

MidContinental Chemical Company, however, makes no guarantees or warranty, either expressed or implied of the accuracy or completeness of this information. The conditions or methods of handling, storage, use and disposal of the products are beyond our control and may be beyond our knowledge. For this and other reasons, we do not assume responsibility and expressly disclaim liability for loss, damage or expense arising out of or in any way connected with the handling, storage, use or

Flammability

disposal of this product.

This SDS was prepared and is to be used for this product. If the product is used as a

component in another product, this SDS information may not be applicable.